BỘ GIÁO DỰC VÀ ĐÀO TẠO

ĐỀ THI CHÍNH THỨC (Đề thi có 06 trang)

KỲ THI TRUNG HỌC PHỔ THÔNG QUỐC GIA NĂM 2017 Bài thi: NGOẠI NGỮ; Môn thi: TIẾNG ANH Thời gian làm bài: 60 phút, không kể thời gian phát đề

Họ, tên thí sinh:			Mã đề thi 413		
,					
Mark the letter A R C	OF D ON HOUR ANSWAR	sheet to indicate the	most suitable response to		
		sneet to indicate the	mosi suttable response to		
complete each of the fold	0				
Question 1. Mary and Jo		ema.			
Mary: "Hi, John. Ho					
John: " And		D Ti d 1			
A. I'm thirty-five years	old	B. Fine, thanks			
C. I'm free today		D . I'm not working to	oday		
Question 2. Mrs Smith a		ng the zoo.			
	ne gorilla, Mrs Smith?"				
	. The sign says 'No feedi				
A. I'm afraid not		B. I don't think it wo			
C. Of course you can		D . I'm sure about that	D . I'm sure about that		
Mark the letter A. R. C.	or D on your answer sh	eet to indicate the cor	rect answer to each of the		
following questions.	or Done your unswer sie	ces to material me cos	reet unswer to each of the		
	learning English a few y	ears ago			
	B. started		D. will start		
	in the area has res				
	B. absence				
	girl at my friend's bir				
		-	can D . pretty American tall		
-			neet the production schedule.		
	B. make out				
	children begin their prim				
	B. educationally				
	by the spectacular s				
	B. overjoyed				
	hand in their ass				
	B. might		D. ought		
	sits in front of me				
A. when		C. who			
	to the countryside becau				
A. an	B . a	C. the			
	e Vivian to her to				
A. remind	B . advise	C. allow	D. encourage		
264	me a hand with t				
A hold	R join	C shake	D give		

•			B. the more frequently natural disasters occurD. the most frequent natural disasters are			
Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word(s) CLOSEST in med to the underlined word(s) in each of the following questions.						
	Question 15. There weren't man	y tough questions	s in the exam, so I could a	answer most of them.		
	A. important B. sir	nple	C. difficult	D. interesting		
	Question 16. Tim and Tom look	similar although	they are not brothers.			
	A. familiar B. dif	fferent	C. alike	D. strange		
	Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on	your answer shee	t to indicate the word(s)	OPPOSITE in meaning		
	to the underlined word(s) in each	ch of the following	g questions.			
	Question 17. Many people feel	nervous when the	y first make a speech in p	public.		
	A. impressed B. up	set	C. fearful	D. confident		
	Question 18. I'm sure he will be	home and dry in	the interview because he	e has good		
	qualifications and wide experien	ice.				
	A. be satisfied B. be	successful	C. be unsatisfied	D. be unsuccessful		
	Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on	your answer shee	et to indicate the word the	at differs from the other		
	three in the position of primary	stress in each of	the following questions.			
	Question 19. A. reply	B. future	C. singer	D. answer		
	Question 20. A. national	B. difficult	C. popular	D. effective		
	Mark the letter A, B, C, or D of					
	iffers from the other three in pronunciation in each of the following questions.					
	Question 21. A. drive	B. find	C. think	D. mind		
	Question 22. A. missed	B. watched	C. clean <u>ed</u>	D. talk <u>ed</u>		
	Read the following passage and	l mark the letter A	, B, C, or D on your ansi	wer sheet to indicate the		
	correct word or phrase that bes	t fits each of the n	numbered blanks from 23	3 to 27.		
	Graphic novels, as the nan					
	book. Adults may feel that grap					
that this type of reading material somehow prevents "real" reading. (23), many quality						
graphic novels are now being seen as a method of storytelling on the same level as novels, films o						
	audiobooks. Many librarians and teachers are now accepting graphic novels as proper literature for children as they (24) young people and motivate them to read. This has been especially true					
				has been especially true		
	with children who are not (25)_			nictures provide clues to		
	Language learners are also					
	the meaning of the words. The					
	teachers have reported great suc					
	in the areas of English, social					
	regarded as serious reading is no longer valid. Reading them can, undoubtedly, help students develop					
	the skills (27) are necess	the skills (27) are necessary to read more challenging works.				

Question 14. The larger the area of forest is destroyed, _____.

(Source: Complete IELTS by Rawdon Wyatt)

Question 23. A. However	B. Otherwise	C. Therefore	D. In addition
Question 24. A. attractively	B. attractive	C. attraction	D. attract
Question 25. A. active	B. willing	C. able	D. careful
Question 26. A. accept	B. take	C. learn	D. know
Question 27. A. that	B. who	C. when	D. where

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 28 to 34.

Most weddings in Japan start with a religious ceremony in which usually only family members attend. Afterwards, a banquet is customarily held to which many people, including friends and colleagues, are invited. To celebrate the happy occasion, guests give the bride and groom *goshuugi* – gift money in special envelopes. *Goshuugi* from friends is usually 20,000 yen or 30,000 yen.

A typical Japanese wedding party starts when the bride and groom enter the banquet hall together, and take their seats on a slightly raised platform facing their guests. Invited guests are seated closer to the bride and groom, with family and relatives seated further in back. The bride's and groom's bosses usually give congratulatory speeches then their friends sing in celebration. Other wedding highlights include a candle ceremony where the couple holds a candle while greeting **their** guests at each table, and the cutting of the wedding cake. Afterwards, the bride and groom thank their parents with a speech, then leave to end the party.

In the past, dishes that supposedly brought good **fortune**, such as prawns and sea breams, were served in abundance. So much of the food was ordered that guests ended up taking the surplus home. Today, the majority of the weddings serve just enough for everyone. Additionally, before leaving, guests would traditionally receive souvenir gifts called *hikidemono*.

Many wedding ceremonies take place at wedding halls or hotels. Rough estimates show that it costs about 3 million yen to host a wedding party for 80 guests. During Japan's economic bubble, overseas weddings and flamboyant receptions with special effects, such as smoke machines and having the bride and groom fly in on gondolas, were very popular. But these days, couples choose to **tie the knot** in various ways, from not having any ceremony to having a modest affair, or still going all out.

(Source: http://www.hiraganatimes.com)

Question 28. What is	the main idea of this passag	e?	
A. Popular wedding	gifts in Japan		
B. Dishes served at J	apan's wedding parties in th	ne past	
C. Wedding ceremon	nies in Japan's economic bu	bble	
D. Wedding ceremon	nies in Japan		
Question 29. Accordin	ng to the passage, goshuugi	is	
A. a kind of gift	B. an important guest	C. a happy occasion	D. a type of food
	d "their" in paragraph 2 ref		
A. the relatives'	B. the parents'	C. the couple's	D. the friends'
Question 31. According	ng to paragraph 2, which of	the following do the brid	le and groom do at their
wedding party?			
A. They deliver a spe	eech to thank their parents.		
B. They give a speed	h to thank their bosses.		engli
C They sit on a plat	form at the book of the stage	2	

D. They hold a candle and sing in celebration.

Question 32. The v	vord "fortune" in paragrap	h 3 is closest in meaning	ng to		
A. benefit	B. excitement	C. money	D. luck		
Question 33. How	were the wedding dishes in	the past different from	n those of today?		
A. They were more delicious.		B. They were les	B. They were less delicious.		
C. They were ser	ved in smaller amounts.	D. They were ser	D. They were served in larger amounts.		
Question 34. The p	hrase "tie the knot" in par	agraph 4 could be best	replaced by		
A. get engaged		B. loosen the tie			
C. fasten the rope		D. get married	D. get married		

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions from 35 to 42.

Humans are bringing about another global-scale change in the atmosphere: the increase in what are called greenhouse gases. Like glass in a greenhouse, these gases admit the Sun's light but tend to reflect back downward the heat that is radiated from the ground below, trapping heat in the Earth's atmosphere. This process is known as the greenhouse effect. Carbon dioxide is the most significant of these gases – there is 25 percent more carbon dioxide in the atmosphere today than there was a century ago, the result of our burning coal and fuels derived from oil. Methane, nitrous oxide, and CFCs are greenhouse gases as well.

Scientists predict that increases in these gases in the atmosphere will make the Earth a warmer place. **They** expect a global rise in average temperature somewhere between 1.0 and 3.5 degrees Celsius in the next century. Average temperatures have in fact been rising and the years from 1987 to 1997 were the warmest years on record. Some scientists are reluctant to say that global warming has actually begun because climate naturally varies from year to year and decade to decade, and it takes many years of records to be sure of a fundamental change. There is little disagreement, though, that global warming is **looming**.

Global warming will have different effects in different regions. A warmed world is expected to have more extreme weather, with more rain during wet periods, longer droughts, and more powerful storms. Although the effects of future climate changes are unknown, some predict that exaggerated weather conditions may translate into better agricultural yields in areas such as the western United States, where temperature and rainfall are expected to increase, while dramatic decreases in rainfall may lead to severe droughts and **plunging** agricultural yields in parts of Africa, for example.

Warmer temperatures are expected to partially melt the polar ice caps, leading to a projected sea level rise of 50 centimeters by the year 2050. A sea level rise of this magnitude would flood coastal cities, force people to abandon low-lying islands, and completely inundate coastal wetlands. Diseases like malaria, which at present are primarily found in the tropics, may become more common in the regions of the globe between the tropics and the polar regions, called the temperate zones. For many of the world's plant species, and for animal species that are not easily able to shift their territories as their habitat grows warmer, climate change may bring extinction.

(Source: Microsoft ® Encarta ® 2009. © 1993-2008 Microsoft Corporation)

Question 35. Which of the following could be the best title of the passage?

- A. Global Warming: Advantages and Disadvantages
- B. Global Warming: Possible Causes and Effects
- C. Global Warming: Future Reactions
- D. Global Warming: Problems and Solutions

	greenhouse gases?					
	A. Carbon dioxide			B. Solar rad	liation	
	C. Glass in a greenhou	ise		D. Humans		
	Question 37. The word	"They" in pa	aragraph 2 i	refers to		
	A. gases	B. temper	atures	C. scientists	S	D. increases
	Question 38. The word	"looming" is	n paragraph	2 probably me	ans	
	A. fading	B. appear	ing	C. ending		D. showing
	Question 39. According	to the passa	ige, which o	of the following	is NOT tru	e?
	A. Few scientists agree	e that global	warming is	s looming.		
	B. Changes in climate	are not easy	to be docu	mented.		
	C. Global climate natu	irally change	es over time	.		
	D. Some scientists are	not sure tha	t global wa	rming has begu	n.	
	Question 40. The word	"plunging"	in paragrap	h 3 probably me	eans	_•
	A. decreasing	B. increas	sing	C. improvi	ng	D . preventing
	Question 41. What may b	be the benefit				
	A. Favourable weather	r conditions		B. Higher a	gricultural	production
	C. Decrease in rainfall	l during wet	periods	D. Minimal	l natural dis	asters
	Question 42. Which of	the following	g best descr	ibes the tone of	the passag	e?
	A. Ironic	B. Inform	ative	C. Sarcastic	С	D . Argumentative
	Mark the letter A, B, C	or D on ve	our answer	sheet to indica	ate the sent	ence that hest combine
	each pair of sentences i					
			0 1		es. Her clas	smates appreciate her.
	Question 43. Mai usually helps her classmates with their studies. Her classmates appreciate her. A. Mai usually helps her classmates with their studies, but they appreciate her.					
	B. Mai usually helps h					
	C. Mai usually helps l					
	D. Mai usually helps l	her classmat	es with thei	r studies, so the	y appreciat	e her.
	Question 44. We cannot	completely	avoid stress	in our lives. W	e need to fi	nd ways to cope with it.
A. Since we cannot completely avoid stress in our lives, we need to find ways to cope with it.						
	B. After we can comp	letely avoid	stress in ou	r lives, we need	d to find wa	ys to cope with it.
	C. Because stress can completely be avoided in our lives, we need to find ways to cope with it.					
	D. As long as we can	completely a	avoid stress	in our lives, we	e need to fin	nd ways to cope with it.
	Mark the letter A, B, C	T ON D ON 1	LOTEN GREENIA	w sheet to indi	oata tha uu	darlined nart that need
	correction in each of th			r sneet to that	aie ine un	иентеи рин тин пеец
	Question 45. Children l		-	ly evneriencino	the world	around it
	Question 45. Children	A	iy by direct	B	C C	D
	Question 46. A number		habitat rese			
	A	or whallo	naorae robo.	1100 11410 00011	В	C
	endangered species from	n extinction.				
	D					
	Question 47. She alway	s try to finis	h her home	work before go	ing to bed.	
		A	В	C	D	

Question 36. According to paragraph 1, which of the following factors causes an increase in

Mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is closest in meaning to each of the following questions.

Question 48. I haven't visited my hometown for a few years.

- A. I last visited my hometown a few years ago.
- B. I have been in my hometown for a few years.
- C. I didn't visit my hometown a few years ago.
- D. I was in my hometown for a few years.

Question 49. He was successful in his career thanks to his parents' support.

- A. Had it not been for his parents' support, he wouldn't be successful in his career.
- B. If his parents hadn't supported him, he wouldn't have been successful in his career.
- C. But for his parents' support, he wouldn't be successful in his career.
- D. Without his parents' support, he would have been successful in his career.

Question 50. "Why don't we go camping at the weekend?" he said.

- A. He denied going camping at the weekend.
- B. He suggested going camping at the weekend.
- C. He objected to going camping at the weekend.
- D. He apologized for going camping at the weekend.

